



Birds eye view on general pathology of homoeopathy according to Stuart close

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Abstract

Background: This article tells us about importance of General pathology in homoeopathy, and also gives us clear idea about the concept of miasm and micro-organisms and also about the drug disease and toxicology.

Methods: Various old literatures and previous journals about temperaments and its philosophical background in relevance to Homoeopathy is reviewed and thus the importance of General Pathology in Homoeopathic practice is explained as per Stuart Close in this article.

Conclusion: Helps the Homoeopath to know the clearly about the role of General Pathology in Homoeopathy and also answers the question such as is miasm and micro-organism one and the same.

Keywords: human pathology, miasm, drug disease, homeopathy

Introduction

This article helps us to know about the human pathology, and also give us complete idea about what Stuart close meant about general pathology of homoeopathy in context with Homoeopathy further also tells us about the relationship of miasm and bacteria its toxicological theory & drug disease.

Human Pathology

As per the literature available Pathology is the study of the causes and effects of disease or injury. The word pathology also refers to the study of disease in general, incorporating a wide range of bioscience research fields and medical practices. However, when used in the context of modern medical treatment, the term is often used in a narrower fashion to refer to processes and tests which fall within the contemporary medical field of "general pathology"^[1].

in Homoeopathy, It is the science which deals with diseased or abnormal conditions of living human beings. Medical pathology-deals with the internal morbid conditions Surgical pathology-deals with the external conditions^[2]

General pathology it is a field of general inquiry and research, pathology addresses four components of disease: cause, mechanisms of development (pathogenesis), structural alterations of cells (morphologic changes), and the consequences of changes (clinical manifestations)^[3].

History about General Pathology before Stuart Close Spoke about it was like the study of pathology, including the detailed examination of the body, including dissection and inquiry into specific maladies, dates back to antiquity. Rudimentary understanding of many conditions was present in most early societies and is attested to in the records of the earliest historical

Societies, including those of the Middle East, India, and China. But Stuart Close gave a new breakthrough to it with following explanations as follows^[4].

It is the synthesis of analyses made by special pathology Deals with the principles, Theories & explanations Classification of facts.

To Make It Clearer We Can Say That

Homoeopathic general pathology is concerned with chronic diseases & Homoeopathy differs with regular medicine in its interpretation & application of several fundamental principles of science, and what is the Differences of homoeopathy with regular medicine? Its Primarily philosophical & The Modern science & medical science talks about matter & motion but our Homoeopathic medical science regards all things & forces including life & mind as a substantial entity, having a real, objective existence^[2].

View About About Life and Disease

Life is a substantial, objective entity, a primary originating power or principle & not a mere condition or mode of motion but the Disease is always primarily a morbid dynamical or functional disturbance of the vital principle and also The existence of living, specific infectious micro-organisms are the cause of the greater part of all the true diseases^[2]

Classification of Chronic Diseases According to Causes

1. Occupational or drug diseases
2. Psora
3. Sycosis
4. Syphilis^[2]

View about Indispositions

These are due to non-specific causes Treatment-removal of the causes/antidoting the poisons, chemically or dynamically

Relation of Bacteriology to Homoeopathy

Living micro-organisms are the cause of infectious diseases such as cholera & venereal diseases & Dominant school of medicine failed to understand that cure is always individual in nature [2]

Concept of Miasm

Hahnemann said that most of the morbid conditions & diseases are caused by psora In the Organon, Hahnemann introduced the concept of "miasms" as "infectious principles" underlying chronic disease. Hahnemann associated each miasm with specific diseases, and thought that initial exposure to miasms causes local symptoms, such as skin or venereal diseases⁵.Hahnemann was the first to perceive & teach the parasitical nature of infectious or contagious diseases, including syphilis, gonorrhoea, leprosy, cholera, TB and He held that all the chronic diseases are derived from three primary, infectious, parasitic sources also said that Each infectious diseases has its own variety. Hahnemann defines miasm as obnoxious material [6].

But as per Stuart close its

Miasma=infectious, contagious, excessively minute, invisible living creatures Disease classification miasm its importance

1. Drug & occupational diseases
2. Infectious venereal diseases
3. All other natural chronic diseases [2]

The Doctrine of Latency

The diseases mostly seem to have the external parts of the body & the nature of this miasmatic itching eruption always remained essentially the same but Psora has become the most infectious & most general of all the chronic miasms thus he says about Metastasis [2]. Metastasis as per modern terms is Metastasis is a pathogenic agent's spread from an initial or primary site to a different or secondary site within the host's body [7]. The term is typically used when referring to metastasis by a cancerous tumor⁸. But in terms of Homoeopathy its Embolism, is the impaction of some parts of the vascular system of any undissolved material brought thereby the blood current. The material transported in this method is an embolus²The several kinds of emboli.

1. Tumour cell
2. Animal & vegetable parasites [2]

The Identity of Psora & Tuberculosis

Psora e.g. Continual or spasmodic asthma, pleurisy with or without collections of pus in the chest, suffocative bronchitis. Tubercular origin e.g. Diabetes & nephritis, hydrocephalus, cerebral & cerebro-spinal meningitis, cataract, ophthalmia, tonsillitis, gastric problems.

The Concept of Toxicological Theory of Disease

Toxicology basically means a scientific discipline, overlapping with biology, chemistry, pharmacology, and medicine, that involves the study of the adverse effects of chemical substances on living organisms⁹ DISEASE is a morbid dynamical

disturbance of the vital force which is caused by some morbid agent actually or relatively external to the organism and Diseases arising from physical injury,mechanical violence, chemical agents, mental or physical trauma which causes formation of toxins in the body, All curative treatment is antidotal treatment & Cure is accomplished by the use of agents which has the power to antidote or neutralize the poisons & remove their effects [2]

Conclusion

Stuart Close concludes its by saying Similia Principle is the only way to attain cure in an individual and also says that Diseases always bear the symptomatic likeness of drugs, or poisons & Similarity of symptoms is the natural guide to the curative remedy & to the true diagnosis of the disease he also speaks about Drug Diseases and states that Every proving is the clinical record of an artificial disease produced by some drugs & Drugs also cause some disease further tells about the Overdosing & too frequent changing of remedies in homoeopathic often leads to the confusion of the prescriber & the damage of the patient and suggest the young Homoeopaths to Stop the use of drugs & antidote them

With High potency of a drug is sometimes the best antidote for the effects of the crude drug [2]

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